IE200 Series

Industrial Ethernet Layer 2 Switches

Our ruggedized IE200 Industrial Ethernet switches provide enduring performance in harsh environments, such as those found in manufacturing, transportation and physical security. Offering high throughput, rich functionality and advanced security features, IE200 switches deliver the performance and reliability demanded by industrial deployments in the age of the Internet of Things (IoT).

Overview

The IE200 Series wirespeed Layer 2 switches are ideal for industrial Ethernet applications. With a wide operating temperature range of between -40°C and 75°C, they tolerate harsh and demanding environments, such as those found in industrial and outdoor deployment.

Device management is provided via an Industry-standard CLI, SNMP, Telnet, SSH, and the Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF). AMF is unique to Allied Telesis managed devices, offering simplified device provisioning, recovery, and firmware upgrade management.

Performance

These high-performing, costeffective switches meet the stringent requirements of today's industrial networks. The robust IE200 series provides network managers with several key features—including portbased VLANs, IEEE 802.1p, QoS, port trunking/link aggregation, port mirroring, priority queues, and IEEE 802.1x security support.

With support for up to 2K MAC addresses, the IE200 Series is the ideal option for integrating management into any network solution.

Securing the network edge

Ensuring data protection means controlling network access. Protocols such as IEEE 802.1X port-based authentication guarantee that only known users are connected to the network. Unknown users who physically connect can be segregated into a pre-determined part of the network. This offers network guests Internet access, while ensuring the integrity of private network data.

Gigabit and fast Ethernet support

The IE200 Series SFP ports support both gigabit and Fast Ethernet Small Form-Factor Pluggables (SFPs). This makes the IE200 Series ideal for environments where gigabit fiber switches will be phased in over time. This allows for connectivity to the legacy 100FX hardware until it is upgraded to gigabit Ethernet.

Support for both speeds of SFPs allows organizations to stay within budget as they migrate to faster technologies.

High network resiliency

The IE200 Series supports highly stable and reliable network switching with a recovery time of less than 50ms. You can customize the IE200 with the most appropriate mechanism and protocol to prevent network connection failure. Choices include Allied Telesis Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing™), and the standard ITU-T G.8032.

Dual power inputs

The IE200 Series provides redundant power inputs for higher system reliability; the power inputs are protected against reverse polarity and over-current.

The integrated voltage regulator allows a wide input voltage range and ensures the PoE output voltage always stays at the rated value, regardless the fluctuation on input voltage.

Configurable power budget

On the IE200-6FP and IE200-6GP, you can configure both the overall power budget and the power feeding limit on a per-port basis, to establish a close





► AlliedWare Plus[™] functionalities

Key Features

PoE plus

- Ethernet Protection Switched Ring (EPSRing[™])
- Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ITU-T G.8032)
- ▶ IEEE 802.3at PoE+ sourcing (30W)
- ► Continuous PoE
- ► Enhanced Thermal Shutdown
- Dual power inputs with voltage boost converter
- ► Alarm input/output
- USB port for image/configuration backup, restore, and upgrade
- ▶ Web-based GUI for easy management

relationship between the power the real capabilities of the external Power Supply Unit (PSU).*

* Power supply must be compliant with local/national safety and electrical code requirements. Select the supply with the most appropriated output power derating curve.

4CTIVE Fiber Monitoring

EPSRing

Allied Telesis

Allied Ware Plus

Key Features

Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework™ (AMF)

- AMF is a sophisticated suite of management tools that provide a simplified approach to network management. Common tasks are automated or made so simple that the every-day running of a network can be achieved without the need for highly-trained, and expensive, network engineers. Powerful features like centralized management, auto-backup, auto-upgrade, auto-provisioning and auto-recovery enable plug-and-play networking and zero-touch management.
- AMF secure mode encrypts all AMF traffic, provides unit and user authorization, and monitors network access to greatly enhance network security.

High Availability

- ► EPSRing[™] and ITU-T G.8032 enable a protected ring capable of recovery within as little as 50ms. These features are perfect for high performance and high availability.
- Spanning Tree Protocol-compatible, RSTP; MSTP; static Link Aggregation Group (LAG), and dynamic Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP) support.

Industry-leading Quality of Service (QoS)

Comprehensive low-latency wirespeed QoS provides flow-based traffic management with full classification, prioritization, traffic shaping and min/max bandwidth profiles. Enjoy boosted network performance and guaranteed delivery of business-critical Ethernet services and applications. Time-critical services such as voice and video take precedence over non-essential services such as file downloads, maintaining responsiveness of your applications.

Active Fiber Monitoring

Active Fiber Monitoring prevents eavesdropping on fiber communications by monitoring received optical power. If an intrusion is detected, the link can be automatically shut down, or an operator alert can be sent.

UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)

UDLD is useful for monitoring fiber-optic links between two switches tusing two single-direction fibers to transmit and receive packets. UDLD prevents traffic from being sent across a bad link, by blocking the ports at both ends of the link in the event that either the individual transmitter or receiver for that connection fails.

Link Layer Discovery Protocol – Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP – MED)

► LLDP-MED extends LLDP basic network endpoint discovery and management functions. LLDP-MED allows for media endpoint specific messages, providing detailed information on power equipment, network policy, location discovery (for Emergency Call Services) and inventory.

Voice VLAN

 Voice VLAN automatically separates voice and data traffic into two different VLANs. This automatic separation places delay-sensitive traffic into a voice-dedicated VLAN, which simplifies QoS configurations.

Security (Tri-Authentication)

Authentication options on the IE200 Series also include alternatives to IEEE 802.1X port-based authentication, such as web authentication to enable guest access, and MAC authentication for endpoints that do not have an IEEE 802.1X supplicant. All three authentication methods— IEEE 802.1X, MAC-based and Web-based—can be enabled simultaneously on the same port for tri-authentication.

Access Control Lists (ACLs)

AlliedWare Plus delivers industry-standard access control functionality through ACLs. ACLs filter network traffic to control whether routed packets are forwarded or blocked at the port interface. This provides a powerful network security mechanism to select the types of traffic to be analyzed, forwarded, or influenced in some way.

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Snooping

DHCP servers allocate IP addresses to clients, and the switch keeps a record of addresses issued on each port. IP source guard checks against this DHCP snooping database to ensure only clients with specific IP and/or MAC address can access the network. DHCP Snooping can be combined with other features, like dynamic ARP inspection, to increase security in Layer 2 switched environments. It also provides a traceable history which meets the growing legal requirements placed on service providers.

PoE and PoE+

IE200 is a Power over Ethernet Power Sourcing Device (PoE PSD), which is compliant with IEEE802.3af, IEEE802.3at standards. Each port provides either 15.40W PoE with 12.95W available to the powered device (IEEE802.3af, IEEE802.3at Type 1), or 30.00W PoE+ with 25.50W available to the powered device (IEEE802.3at Type 2). Practical use is to support PTZ cameras with heater/blowers for outdoor application, enhanced infrared lighting, lighting controller and LED lighting fixtures, remote Point of Sale (POS) kiosks, network switches, and many other devices.

IE200 allows the configuration of the overall power budget as well as the power feeding limit on a per-port basis. This establishes a close relationship between the power sourcing feature and the real capabilities of the external PSU.

Continuous PoE

- Enabling the unique Continuous PoE feature, the switch retains PoE sourcing during restart events, such as those due to operator command, software exception, watchdog timeout or diagnostic failures.
- The restart event is not propagated to the end devices, and camera operation is not affected.

Alarm Input/Output

Alarm Input/Output are useful for security integration solution. They respond to events instantly and automatically using a pre-defined event scheme, and send alert messages to the monitoring control center. The two-pin terminal blocks may be connected to sensors and actuator relays. Alarm Input receives signals from external devices, like motion sensors or magnets, and these will trigger subsequent actions if something changes. Alarm output controls external devices in the case of an event for example sirens, strobes, and Pan-Tilt-Zoom (PTZ) cameras.

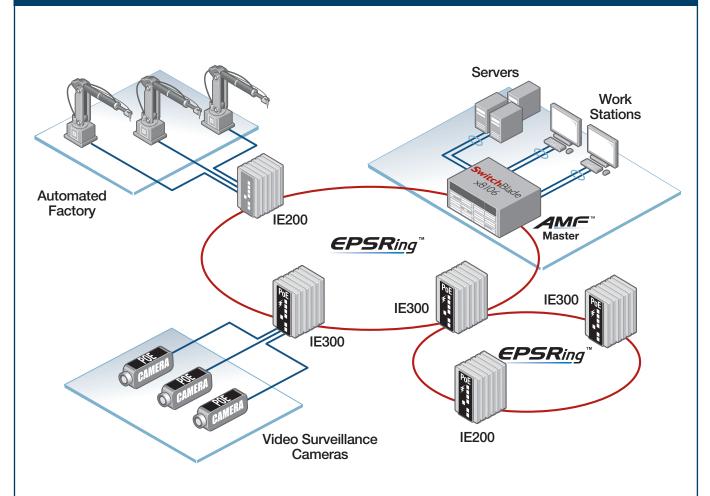
Enhanced Thermal Shutdown

- The Enhanced Thermal Shutdown feature acts when the switch exceeds the safe operating temperature. It functions in a set of stages to preserve services and prevent damage.
- If the operating temperature reaches critical levels, the system cuts the PoE sourcing to non-critical interfaces first, then to critical interfaces. If the temperature continues to rise, all services are disabled and the system enters standby mode. The system restores operation when the temperature returns to an acceptable level.

Premium Software License

Included in the IE200 Series is a comprehensive Layer 2 feature set, which includes IPv6 management features. This feature set can be upgraded very easily by using premium software licenses.

Key Solutions



EPSRing[™] ITU-T G.8032 provide high speed resilient ring connectivity; this diagram shows the IE Series in a double ring network topology.

The IE Series operates at a large -40°C to +75°C temperature range and allows deployment in outdoor and harsh industrial environments.

PoE models feed 30 Watts per port and support remotely controlled Pan, Tilt and Zoom (PTZ) video cameras.

The PoE models of IE200 feed 30 Watts per port and support remotely-controlled PTZ cameras.

Management can be automated with the Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework[™] (AMF).

Specifications

PRODUCT	10/100T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	10/100/1000T (RJ-45) COPPER PORTS	100/1000X SFP PORTS	SWITCHING Fabric	FORWARDING RATE (64-byte packets)	POE SOURCING Ports	POE BUDGET
IE200-6FP	4	-	2	4.8Gbps	3.57Mpps	4	120W
IE200-6FT	4	-	2	4.8Gbps	3.57Mpps	-	-
IE200-6GP	-	4	2	12.0Gbps	8.93Mpps	4	120W
IE200-6GT	-	4	2	12.0Gbps	8.93Mpps	-	-

Performance

RAM memory	256MB DDR SDRAM
ROM memory	64MB FLASH
MAC address	2K entries
Packet Buffer	256 KBytes (2 Mbits)
Priority Queues	4
Simultaneous VLANs	2K entries
	(1K entries recommended)
VLANs ID range	1 - 4094
Jumbo frames	9KB L2 jumbo frames
Multicast groups	512 entries

Other Interfaces

Type	Serial console (UART)
Port no.	1
Connector	RJ-45 female
Type	USB2.0 (Host Controller Class)
Port no.	1
Connector	Type A receptacle
Type	Alarm Input
Port no.	1
Connector	2-pin Terminal Block
Type	Alarm Output
Port no.	1
Connector	2-pin Terminal Block
Type	Power Input
Port no.	2
Connector	2-pin Terminal Block

Reliability

- ▶ Modular AlliedWare Plus[™] operating system
- Redundant power input
- Full environmental monitoring of temperature and internal voltages. SNMP traps alert network managers in case of any failure
- Enhanced thermal shutdown

Flexibility and Compatibility

 Gigabit SFP ports supports any combination of Allied Telesis 10Mbps, 100Mbps and 1Gbps SFP modules, as listed in this document under Ordering Information

Diagnostic Tools

- Active Fiber Monitoring detects tampering on optical links
- Automatic link flap detection and port shutdown
- Built-In Self Test (BIST)
- Cable fault locator (TDR)
- Connectivity Fault Management (CFM)
- Continuity Check Protocol (CCP) for use with G.8032 ERPS
- Event logging via Syslog over IPv4

- ► Find-me device locator
- Optical Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM)
- Ping polling and TraceRoute for IPv4 and IPv6
- UniDirectional Link Detection (UDLD)

IPv4 Features

DHCP client

IPv6 Features

- DHCPv6 client
- IPv6 hardware ACLs
- Device management over IPv6 networks with SNMPv6, Telnetv6 and SSHv6
- ▶ IPv6 Ready certified

Management

- Front panel 3 LED provides at-a-glance PSU status and fault information
- Allied Telesis Autonomous Management Framework (AMF) node
- Console management port on the front panel for ease of access
- Eco-friendly mode allows ports and LEDs to be disabled to save power
- ► Web-based Graphical User Interface (GUI)
- Industry-standard CLI with context-sensitive help
- ► Powerful CLI scripting engine
- Built-in text editor
- Event-based triggers allow user-defined scripts to be executed upon selected system events
- SNMPv1/v2c/v3 support
- Comprehensive SNMP MIB support for standards based device management
- USB interface allows software release files, configurations and other files to be stored for backup and distribution to other devices
- Recessed Reset button

Quality of Service

- 4 priority queues with a hierarchy of high priority queues for real-time traffic, and mixed scheduling, for each switch port
- Limit bandwidth per port or per traffic class down to 64kbps
- Wirespeed traffic classification with low latency essential for VoIP and real-time streaming media applications
- Policy-based QoS based on VLAN, port, MAC and general packet classifiers
- Policy-based storm protection
- Extensive remarking capabilities

- ► Taildrop for queue congestion control
- Strict priority, weighted round robin or mixed scheduling
- IP precedence and DiffServ marking based on Layer 2, 3 and 4 headers

Resiliency Features

- Control Plane Prioritization (CPP) ensures the CPU always has sufficient bandwidth to process network control traffic
- ► Ethernet Protection Switched Rings (EPSRingTM) with SuperLoop Protection (SLP)
- ▶ Ethernet Ring Protection Switching (ITU-T G.8032)
- ► Loop protection: loop detection
- Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP)
- Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
- PVST+ compatibility mode
- Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
- ▶ Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) with root guard

Multicasting

- Internet Group Membership Protocol (IGMPv1/v2/v3)
- IGMP snooping with fast leave and no timeout feature
- IGMP static groups
- Multicast Listener Discovery (MLDv1/v2)
- MLD snooping

Security Features

- Access Control Lists (ACLs) based on Layer 3 and 4 headers
- ► Configurable ACLs for management traffic
- ACL Groups enable multiple hosts/ports to be included in a single ACL, reducing configuration
- Authentication, Authorization and Accounting (AAA)
- Bootloader can be password protected for device security
- BPDU protection
- DHCP snooping, IP source guard and Dynamic ARP Inspection (DAI)
- Dynamic VLAN assignment
- Network Access and Control (NAC) features manage endpoint security
- Secure Copy (SCP)
- Strong password security and encryption
- TACACS+authentication and accounting
- Tri-authentication: MAC-based, web-based and IEEE 802.1X
- Auth-fail and guest VLANs

IE200 Series | Industrial Ethernet, Layer 2 Switches

Operating temp. Storage temp. Operating humidity Storage humidity	Specifications -40°C to 75°C (-40°F to 167°F) -40°C to 85°C (-40°F to 185°F) 5% to 95% non-condensing 5% to 95% non-condensing up to 2,000 m (0.424 th)	Electrical/Med Compliance Mark Safety	Chanical Approvals CE, FCC EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 A2 EN/IEC/UL 60950-22		EN61000-4-4 (EFT) EN61000-4-5 (Surge) EN61000-4-6 (CS) EN61000-4-1 EN61000-4-11
Operating altitude Mechanical EN 50022, EN 60715	up to 3,000 m (9,843 ft) Standardized mounting on rails	EMC	CAN/CSA-22.2 no. 60950-1 CAN/CSA-22.2 no. 60950-22 ICES-003 FN55024	Shock	FCC Part 15B, Class A VCCI, Class A EN60068-2-27 EN60068-2-31
Environmental Compliance RoHS China RoHS WEEE			EN55032 Class A EN61000-3-2 EN61000-3-3 EN61000-4-2 (ESD) EN61000-4-3 (RS)	Vibration Traffic Control	EN60068-2-6 NEMA TS2

Physical Specifications

PRODUCT	WIDTH	HEIGHT	DEPTH	WEIGHT	ENCLOSURE	MOUNTING	PROTECTION RATE
IE200-6FP	95 mm (3.74 in)	159 mm (6.25 in)	134 mm (5.28 in)	1.5 Kg (3.2 lb)	aluminum shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30
IE200-6FT	55 mm (2.17 in)	159 mm (6.25 in)	134 mm (5.28 in)	0.9 Kg (2.0 lb)	aluminum shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30
IE200-6GP	95 mm (3.74 in)	159 mm (6.25 in)	134 mm (5.28 in)	1.5 Kg (3.2 lb)	aluminum shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30
IE200-6GT	55 mm (2.17 in)	159 mm (6.25 in)	134 mm (5.28 in)	0.9 Kg (2.0 lb)	aluminum shell	DIN rail, wall mount	IP30

Power Characteristics

			NO POE LOAD*		FULL POE LOAD			MAX POE	MAX POE SOURCING PORTS			
PRODUCT	INPUT VOLTAGE	COOLING	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	MAX POWER CONSUMPTION	MAX HEAT DISSIPATION	NOISE	POWER	P0E (15W)	P0E+ (30W)	HI-POE (60W)
IE200-6FP	24~48V DC	fanless	35W	119 BTU/hr	-	155W	119 BTU/hr	-	120W	4	4	-
IE200-6FT	12~48V DC	fanless	32W	109 BTU/hr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IE200-6GP	24~48V DC	fanless	35W	119 BTU/hr	-	155W	119 BTU/hr	-	120W	4	4	-
IE200-6GT	12~48V DC	fanless	32W	109 BTU/hr	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

* The Max Power consumption at full PoE load includes PD's consumption and margin. The cooling requirements of the switch are smaller than the power draw, because most of the load is dissipated at the PoE powered device (PD) and along the cabling.

Use these wattage and BTU ratings for facility capacity planning.

Standards and Protocols

AlliedWare Plus Operating System

Version 5.5.1-2

Authentication

RFC 1321MD5 Message-Digest algorithmRFC 1828IP authentication using keyed MD5

Encryption (management traffic only)

FIPS 180-1	Secure Hash standard (SHA-1)
FIPS 186	Digital signature standard (RSA)
FIPS 46-3	Data Encryption Standard (DES and 3DES)
Etherne	t Standards
	t Standards XLink aggregation (static and LACP)
IEEE 802.1A	
IEEE 802.1A	XLink aggregation (static and LACP) Logical Link Control (LLC)

IEEE 802.3 Ethernet
IEEE 802.3adStatic and dynamic link aggregation
IEEE 802.3af Power over Ethernet (PoE)
IEEE 802.3at Power over Ethernet plus (PoE+)
IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet (EEE)
IEEE 802.3u 100BASE-X
IEEE 802.3x Flow control - full-duplex operation
IEEE 802.3z 1000BASE-X

IPv4 Features

IPv4 Fea	tures
RFC 768	User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 791	Internet Protocol (IP)
RFC 792	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP)
RFC 793	Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
RFC 826	Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
RFC 894	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams
	over Ethernet networks
RFC 919	Broadcasting Internet datagrams
RFC 922	Broadcasting Internet datagrams in the
	presence of subnets
RFC 932	Subnetwork addressing scheme
RFC 950	Internet standard subnetting procedure
RFC 951	Bootstrap Protocol (BootP)
RFC 1035	DNS client
RFC 1042	Standard for the transmission of IP datagrams over IEEE 802 networks
RFC 1071	Computing the Internet checksum
RFC 1122	Internet host requirements
RFC 1191	Path MTU discovery
RFC 1518	An architecture for IP address allocation with CIDR
RFC 1519	Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR)
RFC 1542	Clarifications and extensions for BootP
RFC 1591	Domain Name System (DNS)
RFC 1918	IP addressing
RFC 2581	TCP congestion control

IPv6 Features

11-001-00	itures
RFC 1981	Path MTU discovery for IPv6
RFC 2460	IPv6 specification
RFC 2464	Transmission of IPv6 packets over Ethernet
	networks
RFC 3484	Default address selection for IPv6
RFC 4007	IPv6 scoped address architecture
RFC 4193	Unique local IPv6 unicast addresses
RFC 4291	IPv6 addressing architecture
RFC 4443	Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6)
RFC 4861	Neighbor discovery for IPv6
RFC 4862	IPv6 Stateless Address Auto-Configuration
	(SLAAC)
RFC 5014	IPv6 socket API for source address selection
RFC 5095	Deprecation of type 0 routing headers in IPv6
RFC 5175	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) flags option
RFC 6105	IPv6 Router Advertisement (RA) guard
Manage	ment
AT Enterprise	e MIB including AMF MIB and traps
Optical DDM	MIB
SNMPv1, v2	c and v3
IEEE 802.1AE	Link Layer Discovery Protocol (LLDP)

RFC 1155 Structure and identification of management

RFC 1157 Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

information for TCP/IP-based Internets

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RFC 1212	Concise MIB definitions
RFC 1213	MIB for network management of TCP/IP-based
	Internets: MIB-II
RFC 1215	Convention for defining traps for use with the SNMP
RFC 1227	SNMP MUX protocol and MIB
RFC 1239	Standard MIB
RFC 2578	Structure of Management Information v2 (SMIv2)
RFC 2579	Textual conventions for SMIv2
RFC 2580	Conformance statements for SMIv2
RFC 2674	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 2674	, °
	with traffic classes, multicast filtering and VLAN extensions
RFC 2741	Agent extensibility (AgentX) protocol
RFC 2787	Definitions of managed objects for VRRP
RFC 2819	RMON MIB (groups 1,2,3 and 9)
RFC 2863	Interfaces group MIB
RFC 3411	An architecture for describing SNMP
111 0 0 111	management frameworks
RFC 3412	Message processing and dispatching for the
111 0 3412	SNMP
RFC 3413	SNMP applications
RFC 3414	User-based Security Model (USM) for SNMPv3
RFC 3415	View-based Access Control Model (VACM) for SNMP
RFC 3416	Version 2 of the protocol operations for the
	SNMP
RFC 3417	Transport mappings for the SNMP
RFC 3418	MIB for SNMP
RFC 3621	Power over Ethernet (PoE) MIB
RFC 3635	Definitions of managed objects for the
	Ethernet-like interface types
RFC 3636	IEEE 802.3 MAU MIB
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4022	MIB for the Transmission Control Protocol
IN O IOLL	(TCP)
RFC 4113	MIB for the User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
RFC 4188	Definitions of managed objects for bridges
RFC 4292	IP forwarding table MIB
DEC 4202	MIP for the Internet Protocol (ID)

RFC 4293 MIB for the Internet Protocol (IP)

RFC 4318 Definitions of managed objects for bridges with RSTP RFC 4560 Definitions of managed objects for remote ping, traceroute and lookup operations RFC 5424 The Syslog protocol Multicast Support IGMP query solicitation IGMP snooping (IGMPv1, v2 and v3) IGMP snooping fast-leave IGMP/MLD multicast forwarding (IGMP/MLD proxy) MLD snooping (MLDv1 and v2) RFC 2236 Internet Group Management Protocol v2 (IGMPv2) RFC 2710 Multicast Listener Discovery (MLD) for IPv6 RFC 3306 Unicast-prefix-based IPv6 multicast addresses RFC 3376 IGMPv3 Multicast Listener Discovery v2 (MLDv2) for RFC 3810 IPv6 RFC 3956 Embedding the Rendezvous Point (RP) address in an IPv6 multicast address RFC 4541 IGMP and MLD snooping switches RFC 4604 Using IGMPv3 and MLDv2 for source-specific

RFC 4607 Source-specific multicast for IP

Quality of Service (QoS)

multicast

IEEE 802.1p	Priority tagging			
RFC 2211	Specification of the controlled-load network			
	element service			
RFC 2474	DiffServ precedence for eight queues/port			
RFC 2475	DiffServ architecture			
RFC 2597	DiffServ Assured Forwarding (AF)			
RFC 2697	A single-rate three-color marker			
RFC 2698	A two-rate three-color marker			
RFC 3246	DiffServ Expedited Forwarding (EF)			
Resiliency Features				
ITU-T G.8023 / Y.1344 Ethernet Ring Protection Switching				

(ERPS)



	K Link aggregation (static and LACP)
	MAC bridges
IEEE 802.1s	Multiple Spanning Tree Protocol (MSTP)
IEEE 802.1w	Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP)
IEEE 802.3a	d Static and dynamic link aggregation
Security	Features
SSH remote I	ogin
SSLv2 and S	SLv3
TACACS+ Ac	counting and Authentication
IEEE 802.1X	Authentication protocols (TLS, TTLS, PEAP,
	MD5)
IEEE 802.1X	Multi-supplicant authentication
IEEE 802.1X	Port-based network access control
RFC 2818	HTTP over TLS ("HTTPS")
RFC 2865	RADIUS authentication
RFC 2866	RADIUS accounting
RFC 2868	RADIUS attributes for tunnel protocol support
RFC 2986	PKCS #10: certification request syntax
	specification v1.7
RFC 3579	RADIUS support for Extensible Authentication
	Protocol (EAP)
RFC 3580	IEEE 802.1x RADIUS usage guidelines
RFC 3748	PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol

IEEE 802.1ag CFM Continuity Check Protocol (CCP)

RFC 3748	PPP Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP)
RFC 4251	Secure Shell (SSHv2) protocol architecture
RFC 4252	Secure Shell (SSHv2) authentication protocol
RFC 4253	Secure Shell (SSHv2) transport layer protocol
RFC 4254	Secure Shell (SSHv2) connection protocol
RFC 5176	RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization)
RFC 5246	Transport Layer Security (TLS) v1.2
RFC 5280	X.509 certificate and Certificate Revocation
	List (CRL) profile
RFC 5425	Transport Layer Security (TLS) transport
	mapping for Syslog
RFC 5656	Elliptic curve algorithm integration for SSH
RFC 6125	Domain-based application service identity
	within PKI using X.509 certificates with TLS
RFC 6614	Transport Layer Security (TLS) encryption for
	RADIUS

RFC 6668	SHA-2	data	integrity	verification	for	SSH
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Services

RFC 854	Telnet protocol specification
RFC 855	Telnet option specifications
RFC 857	Telnet echo option
RFC 858	Telnet suppress go ahead option
RFC 1091	Telnet terminal-type option
RFC 1350	The TFTP protocol (revision 2)
RFC 1985	SMTP service extension
RFC 2049	MIME
RFC 2131	DHCPv4 (client)
RFC 2132	DHCP options and BootP vendor extensions
RFC 2616	Hypertext Transfer Protocol - HTTP/1.1
RFC 2821	Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP)
RFC 2822	Internet message format
RFC 3046	DHCP relay agent information option (DHCP
	option 82)
RFC 3315	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6
	(DHCPv6 client)
RFC 3396	Encoding Long Options in the Dynamic Host
	Configuration Protocol (DHCPv4)
RFC 3633	IPv6 prefix options for DHCPv6
RFC 3646	DNS configuration options for DHCPv6
RFC 4954	SMTP Service Extension for Authentication
RFC 5905	Network Time Protocol (NTP) version 4

VLAN Support

Generic VLAN Registration Protocol (GVRP) IEEE 802.1Q Virtual LAN (VLAN) bridges IEEE 802.1v VLAN classification by protocol and port IEEE 802.3acVLAN tagging

Voice over IP (VoIP)

Voice VLAN

ANSI/TIA-1057 Link Layer Discovery Protocol-Media Endpoint Discovery (LLDP-MED)

Ordering Information

NAME	DESCRIPTION	INCLUDES
AT-FL-IE2-L2-01	IE200 series Layer 2 Premium license*	VLAN double tagging (QinQ)UDLD
AT-FL-IE2-G8032	IE200 series license for ITU-T G.8032 and Ethernet CFM	ITU-T G.8032Ethernet CFM

* EPSR Master feature is available by default in IE200 Series





Switches

The DIN rail and wall mount kits are included.

AT-IE200-6FP-80 4x 10/100T, 2x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 2 Switch, PoE+ Support

AT-IE200-6FT-80 4x 10/100T, 2x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 2 Switch

AT-IE200-6GP-80 4x 10/100/1000T, 2x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 2 Switch, PoE+ Support

AT-IE200-6GT-80 4x 10/100/1000T, 2x 100/1000X SFP, Industrial Ethernet, Layer 2 Switch

Supported SFP Modules

Refer to the installation guide for the recommended Max. Operating Temperature according to the selected SFP module.

1000Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPBD10-13 10 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF (1310 Tx/1490 Rx)

AT-SPBD10-14 10 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF (1490 Tx/1310 Rx)

AT-SPBD20-13/I 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, SC, SMF, I-Temp (1310 Tx/1490 Rx)

AT-SPBD20-14/I 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, SC, SMF, I-Temp (1490 Tx/1310 Rx)

AT-SPBD20LC/I-13 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp (1310 Tx/1490 Rx) AT-SPBD20LC/I-14 20 km, 1G BiDi SFP, LC, SMF, I-Temp (1490 Tx/1310 Rx)

AT-SPEX 2 km, 1000EX SFP, LC, MMF, 1310 nm

AT-SPEX/E 2 km, 1000EX SFP, LC, MMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp

AT-SPLX10 10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm

AT-SPLX10/I 10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, I-Temp

AT-SPLX10/E 10 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp

AT-SPLX40 40 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm

AT-SPLX40/E 40 km, 1000LX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm, Ext. Temp

AT-SPSX 550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm

AT-SPSX/I 550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm, I-Temp

AT-SPSX/E 550 m, 1000SX SFP, LC, MMF, 850 nm, Ext. Temp

AT-SPTX¹ 100 m, 10/100/1000T SFP, RJ-45

AT-SPTX/I 100 m, 10/100/1000T SFP, RJ-45, I-Temp

AT-SPZX80 80 km, 1000ZX SFP, LC, SMF, 1550 nm

100Mbps SFP Modules

AT-SPFX/2 2 km, 100FX SFP, LC, MMF, 1310 nm

AT-SPFX/15 15 km, 100FX SFP, LC, SMF, 1310 nm

AT-SPFXBD-LC-13 15 km, 100FX BiDi SFP, LC, SMF (1310 Tx/1550 Rx)

AT-SPFXBD-LC-15 15km, 100FX BiDi SFP, LC, SMF (1550 Rx/1310 Tx)

¹ IE200 Series supports this SFP module at 1Gbps only.

